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6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
7 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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9 ANTONIO V. MURO,

10 Plaintiff,

11 v.

12 CAROLYN COLVIN, Acting  
Commissioner of Social Security,

13 Defendant.

Case No. 3:16-cv-00090-MMD-VPC

14 ORDER ACCEPTING REPORT AND  
RECOMMENDATION

15 Before the Court is Magistrate Judge Valerie P. Cooke's Report and  
16 Recommendation ("R&R") (ECF No. 21), regarding plaintiff's motion to remand or reversal  
17 (ECF No. 12) and defendant's cross motion to affirm. Plaintiff had until February 8, 2017  
18 to object to the R&R. (ECF No. 21.) To date, no objection has been filed.

19 This Court "may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or  
20 recommendations made by the magistrate judge." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Where a party  
21 timely objects to a magistrate judge's report and recommendation, then the court is  
22 required to "make a *de novo* determination of those portions of the [report and  
23 recommendation] to which objection is made." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Where a party fails  
24 to object, however, the court is not required to conduct "any review at all . . . of any issue  
25 that is not the subject of an objection." *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985). Indeed,  
26 the Ninth Circuit has recognized that a district court is not required to review a magistrate  
27 judge's report and recommendation where no objections have been filed. See *United*  
28 *States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114 (9th Cir. 2003) (disregarding the standard of review

1 employed by the district court when reviewing a report and recommendation to which no  
2 objections were made); see also *Schmidt v. Johnstone*, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 1226 (D.  
3 Ariz. 2003) (reading the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Reyna-Tapia* as adopting the view that  
4 district courts are not required to review "any issue that is not the subject of an objection").  
5 Thus, if there is no objection to a magistrate judge's recommendation, then the court may  
6 accept the recommendation without review. See, e.g., *Johnstone*, 263 F. Supp. 2d at 1226  
7 (accepting, without review, a magistrate judge's recommendation to which no objection  
8 was filed).

9 Nevertheless, this Court finds it appropriate to engage in a *de novo* review in order  
10 to determine whether to adopt the R&R. The R&R finds that the ALJ did not err in finding  
11 that Plaintiff's disability ended on February 5, 2013, nor did the ALJ err considering the  
12 opinions of Dr. Barton and Nurse Practitioner Drew, or in assessing Plaintiff's credibility.  
13 The R&R thus recommends that the Court deny Plaintiff's motion for remand (ECF No.  
14 12) and grant defendant's cross motion to affirm (ECF No. 18). Upon review of the R&R  
15 and the records in this case, the Court determines that it is appropriate to adopt the R&R  
16 in full.

17 It is hereby ordered that the R&R (ECF No. 21) is accepted and adopted. Plaintiff's  
18 motion to remand (ECF No. 11) is denied and defendant's cross-motion to affirm (ECF  
19 No. 18) is granted.

20 The Clerk is directed to enter judgment and close this case.

21 DATED THIS 15<sup>th</sup> day of February 2017.

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MIRANDA M. DU  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE